

# SIMPLIFIED SCALE UP FOR SUGARS WITH THE AZURA RID 2.1L EXTENDED DYNAMIC RANGE OPTION

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## SUMMARY

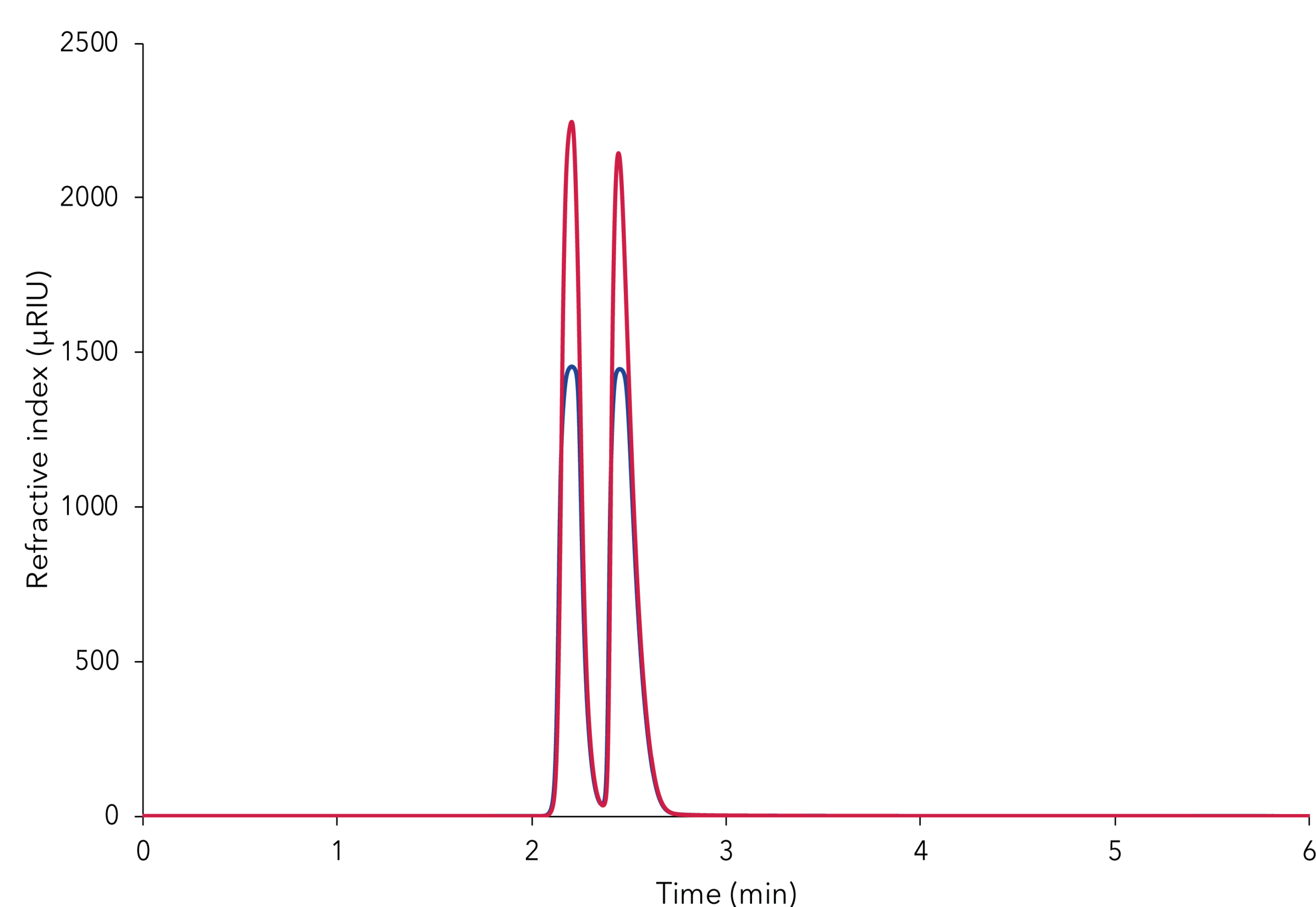
The extended dynamic range (EDR) option for the AZURA RID 2.1L refractive index detector was investigated with a simple sample consisting of two common sugars. Calibration curves covering the range 700  $\mu$ RIU to 2300  $\mu$ RIU were generated with activated and deactivated EDR. A gain of about 65 % in dynamic range could be demonstrated over this range. Further benefits, such as simplified sample preparation, and improved fractionation possibilities are also discussed.

## INTRODUCTION

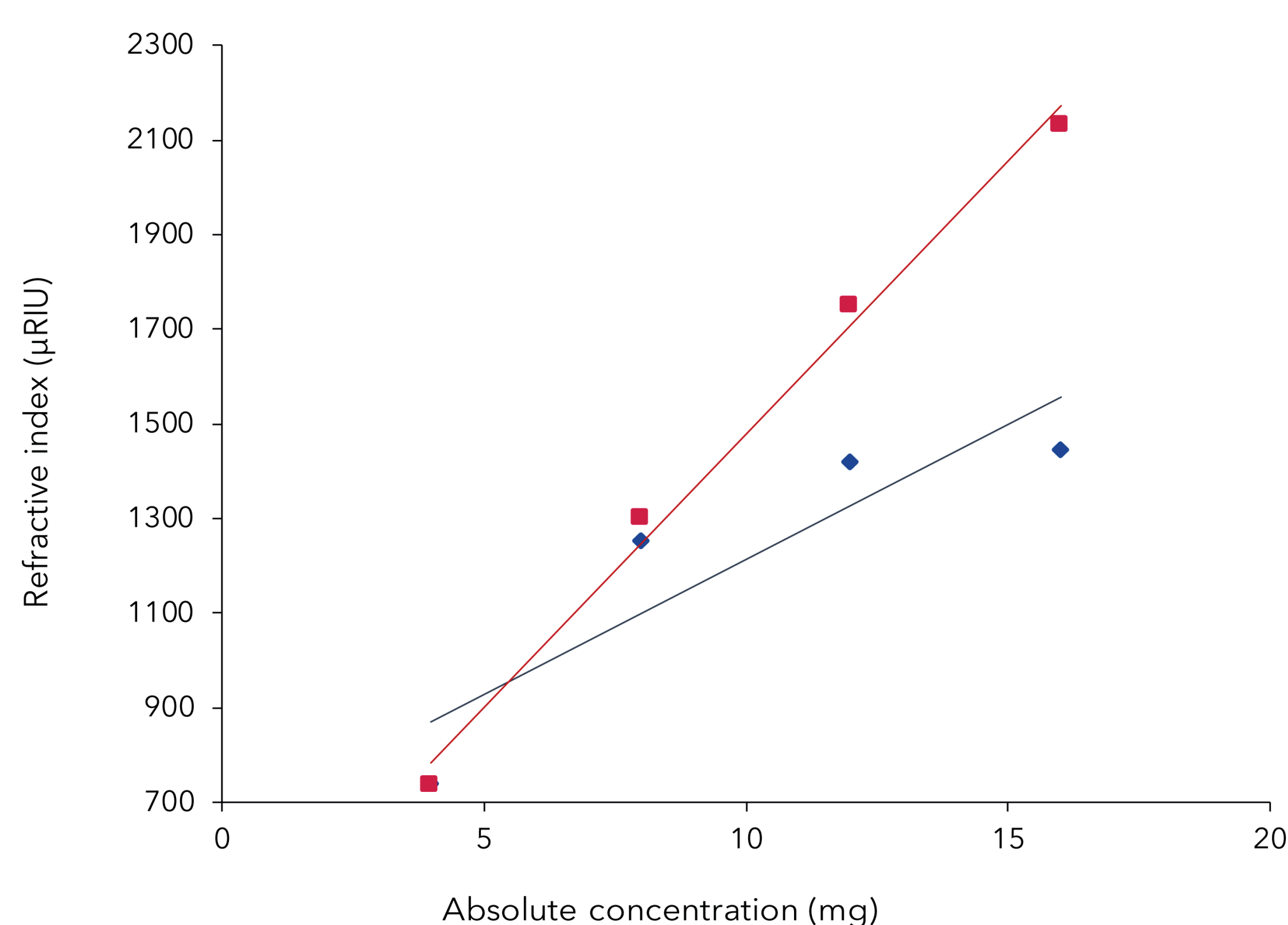
The extended dynamic range (EDR) option of the AZURA RID 2.1L enables the linear dynamic range to be broadened in +100 % (-1000  $\mu$ RIU offset) or -100 % (+1000  $\mu$ RIU offset) [1]. This feature enhances the application of this detector for semi-preparative, preparative, and scale-up purposes. For instance, when carrying out overload studies, it is necessary to know how much sample and at which concentration can be injected on an analytical column. Often these measurements are out of the detector's linear dynamic range. The EDR feature is very useful in this case because it enables the more exact calculation of the amount of sample that can be loaded on a column for purification without the need for additional sample preparation.

## RESULTS

To investigate the influence of the EDR option a simple method was chosen. A solution with a concentration of 40 mg/mL glucose and saccharose was injected with different volumes (10  $\mu$ L, 20  $\mu$ L, 30  $\mu$ L, 40  $\mu$ L, 50  $\mu$ L, 100  $\mu$ L, 200  $\mu$ L) and measured with and without activated EDR. **Fig. 1** shows an overlay of an injection of 50  $\mu$ L with and without extension. The blue trace is without extension, the red trace is detected using the +100 % option. When using the extension, a better resolution was gained as well as a higher and sharper signal was achieved. Now it was possible to measure up to 2.5 mRIU without difficulty. The advantage of the EDR option due to the linearity of calibration is visualized in **Fig. 2**. It is shown that when using the extension, better values of linearity and correlation coefficient can be achieved over a wide range.



**Fig. 1** Overlay of an injection with 50  $\mu$ L, blue=without extension, red=with extension (+100 %)



**Fig. 2** Linearity of glucose calibration with (red,  $R=0.9924$ ) and without (blue,  $R=0.8087$ ) EDR option

## MATERIALS AND METHOD

An AZURA Analytical HPLC Plus system was used for this application. The system consisted of an isocratic AZURA P 6.1L pump, an AZURA AS 6.1L autosampler, an AZURA CT 2.1 column thermostat and an AZURA RID 2.1L refractive index detector. The used column was filled with Eurospher II 100 5 C18A silica. The isocratic method ran at a flow rate of 1.0 mL/min with a 100 % aqueous eluent for 6 minutes. The column thermostat was set to 25 °C and the data rate of the detector to 20 Hz. Different volumes (10  $\mu$ L, 20  $\mu$ L, 30  $\mu$ L, 40  $\mu$ L, 50  $\mu$ L, 100  $\mu$ L, 200  $\mu$ L) of a solution containing 40 mg/mL of glucose and saccharose were injected.

## CONCLUSION

The EDR feature was shown to prevent the need to dilute samples, which saves time and money and diminishes additional errors during sample preparation. Furthermore, due to an improved peak shape at high sample concentrations, software fractionation algorithms can work more efficiently. Therefore this feature facilitates a more efficient purification.

Here, the EDR was used in positive mode (+100 %). For applications with inverted peaks, similar applicative benefits could be achieved by activating the negative mode EDR (-100 %). This was not carried out in this study.

## REFERENCES

[1] [http://www.knauer.net/fileadmin/user\\_upload/produkte/files/Dokumente/detectors/azura/PITTCOON\\_REFRACTIVE\\_INDEX\\_DETECTOR\\_KIT\\_2017.pdf](http://www.knauer.net/fileadmin/user_upload/produkte/files/Dokumente/detectors/azura/PITTCOON_REFRACTIVE_INDEX_DETECTOR_KIT_2017.pdf)

Additional information:



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## ADDITIONAL MATERIALS AND METHODS

**Tab. A1** Method parameters

|                    |  |                |                        |
|--------------------|--|----------------|------------------------|
| Eluent A           | H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>dd</sub>                       |                |                        |
| Gradient           | Isocratic, 100 % A                                   |                |                        |
| Flow rate          | 1 mL/min   | Run time       | 6 min                  |
| Column temperature | 25 °C  | Injection mode | Partial loop/Full loop |
| Injection volume   | 10 µL, 20 µL, 30 µL, 40 µL, 50 µL,<br>100 µL, 200 µL | Data rate      | 20 Hz                  |
|                    |  | Time constant  | 0.05 sec               |

**Tab. A2** System configuration & data

| Instrument  | Description  | Article No. |
|-------------|--|-------------|
| Pump        | AZURA P 6.1L, isocratic, 10 mL, SS                                   | APH30EA     |
| Autosampler | AZURA AS 6.1L  | AAA00AA     |
| Detector    | AZURA RID 2.1L   | ADD31       |
| Thermostat  | AZURA CT 2.1   | A05852      |
| Eluent tray | AZURA E 2.1L   | AZC00       |
| Column      | Vertex Plus Column, 250x4 mm, Eurospher II 100-5 C18A with precolumn | 25WE184E2J  |
| Software    | ClarityChrom 6.1.0   | A1670-9     |

